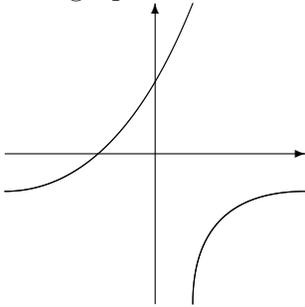


Math 263A**Guide for Test 2**

Here are some sample questions from sections 2.1–2.5. Some topics that we covered are not represented by these questions, but are still fair game.

- Let $f(x) = -x^2 + 3$.
 - Using the definition of the derivative as a limit, compute $f'(x)$.
 - Find the equation for the tangent line at $x = 2$.
 - Graph $f(x)$ and the tangent line.
- Find values for m and b so that $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ mx + b & \text{if } x > -2 \end{cases}$ is differentiable at $x = -2$.
- Sketch the graph of a function g for which $g(0) = g'(0) = 0$, $g'(-1) = -1$, $g'(1) = 3$, and $g'(2) = 1$.
- The graph of a function f is given below. On the same axes, sketch the graph of f' .



- Compute the following derivatives:
 - $f(x) = 2 + x + \frac{3}{x} - \sqrt{x} - 5x^7 + x^{3/4} \Rightarrow f'(x) =$
 - $D_x [(x^9 + x^8 + x^5 + 3)(1 + 2x^2 + 9x^3 - 4x^4)] =$
 - $y = \frac{x^3 + x}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} =$
 - $\frac{d}{dx} [(x^9 + 2x^{1/3} + x^5 + 3)^4] =$
 - $y = (3 + x^4)^8 x^3 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} =$
 - $\frac{d}{dx} [5 \tan(x^2 \sin(x^3 + 7x))] =$
 - $D_x [((x^9 + x^8 + x^5 + 3)(1 + 2x^2 + x^3 - 4x^4) + 1)^9] =$
 - $f(x) = \sin(3) \Rightarrow f'(x) =$